



MENISCUS REPAIR

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These guidelines are a **framework** for the post-operative rehabilitation program. They **do not** substitute for any specific restrictions or requirements determined through the necessary shared decision-making and collaboration between the operating surgeon and the treating rehabilitation team. **Weight-bearing progression depends on the type of repair** — see below.

PHASE 1

WEEKS 0–6

Protect the repair

PHASE 2

WEEKS 7–12

Gait & full ROM

PHASE 3

MONTHS 3–6

Return to run

BRACE

6–12 WEEKS

Locked at 0° for gait

CLEARANCE

6–9 MONTHS

Collision sport / full duty

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PROTECT THE REPAIR · GENERALLY 0–6 WEEKS POST-OP

GOALS Protect the surgical repair · ROM 0–90° or as dictated by the type of repair · regain adequate quadriceps control with no extensor lag · minimize pain and swelling

PRECAUTIONS

- ♦ Wear brace **AT ALL TIMES**, even when sleeping
- ♦ **NO FLEXING** the knee with load applied (squat or leg press)
- ♦ **Note:** bending the knee and partial weight-bearing are both allowed, but **not at the same time**

BRACE

- ♦ Wear the brace locked in extension during ambulation, respecting the weight-bearing restrictions below

WEIGHT BEARING

- ♦ Begin as foot-flat, non-weight-bearing
- ♦ Progress gradually only when wearing the brace locked at 0°

RADIAL, COMPLEX & ROOT REPAIRS

WEIGHT BEARING

- ♦ **Weeks 1–6:** NWB to foot-flat weight-bearing only
- ♦ **Note:** may need to be modified based on the surgical report

BUCKET-HANDLE, VERTICAL & LONGITUDINAL

WEIGHT BEARING

- ♦ **Weeks 1–2:** PWB at 0–25% body weight (progress as tolerated with the knee locked in extension)
- ♦ **Weeks 3–4:** PWB at 25–50% body weight
- ♦ **Weeks 5–6:** PWB at 50–75% body weight

WOUND

- ♦ Post-op dressing remains intact until post-op day 3 (~72 hours after surgery)
- ♦ **DO NOT SUBMERGE** the knee in water until incisions are fully healed
- ♦ Shower after post-op day 3 (no need to cover the incision site)
- ♦ Suture removal at 10–14 days post-op per orthopaedics

CRYOTHERAPY

- ♦ Cold with compression / elevation (ice with compression wrap)

REHABILITATION

- ♦ Begin scar massage after the incision has healed and the scar is formed
- ♦ Begin patellar mobilizations after suture / staple removal

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WEEKS 1–2

QUAD CONTROL

- ◆ Calf pumps with theraband
- ◆ Assisted heel slides within the limits of 0–90°
- ◆ Quad sets — use e-stim until the patient can do 10 SLRs without extension lag
- ◆ Supine passive extension with a towel under the heel
- ◆ Gentle HS and calf stretching
- ◆ Hip / glute muscle endurance exercises

WEEKS 3–4

PROGRESS

- ◆ Continue progressing the exercises from weeks 1–2 as appropriate
- ◆ Short arc quads; add light weights as tolerated
- ◆ Seated ankle ROM and proprioceptive training
- ◆ Gait training progression as needed
- ◆ UBE

WEEKS 5–6

ADD LOAD

- ◆ Leg press 0–60° (**note:** when ROM >85°)
- ◆ Hip extension endurance exercises
- ◆ Stationary bike 0–100° knee ROM
- ◆ Beginner-level pool exercises when incisions are fully healed; primarily in the sagittal plane (no breaststroke or whip kick motion) — gait training and deep-water jogging only

FOLLOW-UP

- ◆ Supervised rehab: 2–3× per week
- ◆ PT re-eval: every 1–2 weeks
- ◆ Ortho re-eval: ~7–10 days and 6 weeks

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GAIT & FULL MOTION · GENERALLY 7–12 WEEKS POST-OP

GOALS Normal gait and stair ambulation · full knee ROM

PRECAUTIONS

- ◆ **NO RUNNING**

WEIGHT BEARING

- ◆ Progress gradually to full weight-bearing by 12 weeks

BRACE

- ◆ Discontinue the brace if there is adequate quadriceps strength and ROM

REHABILITATION

- ◆ Continue Phase 1 exercises as needed
- ◆ Progress to the following exercises and increase intensity gradually when the patient is ready (no increase in knee pain or effusion since the previous session)
- ◆ **Note:** all resisted exercises should start with low weights, high reps, and in a ROM with minimal pain

WEEKS 7–8

GAIT TRAINING

- ◆ Stationary bike for conditioning — begin with 5–10 minutes and progress gradually
- ◆ Gait training: cone walking, marching, retro-walking, exercise band
- ◆ General LE stretching: calf, HS, quads, hip flexors, hip adductors
- ◆ Begin light elliptical / stairmaster when gait is normalized
- ◆ Progressive LE strengthening (calf press, leg press, squats 0–60°, HS curls). **Emphasis on knee extension strength.**

WEEKS 9–10

NEUROMUSCULAR

- ◆ Progressive neuromuscular training
 - Body blade, plyoball, rebounder, platform training
 - Progress in duration and intensity
 - DL to SL
- ◆ Progressive strengthening with light resistance
 - Calf press, leg press, squats (progress in depth), hip abduction / adduction, HS curls

WEEKS 11–12

CONDITIONING

- ◆ Gradual progression of stationary bike, elliptical and/or stairmaster for conditioning
- ◆ Progressive pool program as tolerated

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FOLLOW-UP

- ◆ Supervised rehab: 2–3× per week
- ◆ PT re-eval: monthly
- ◆ Ortho re-eval: ~12 weeks post-op

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RETURN TO RUN · GENERALLY 3–6 MONTHS POST-OP

GOALS Jog at own pace and distance without pain · ≥90% isokinetic quadriceps and HS strength compared with the uninvolved limb · ≥90% SL hop for distance and crossover hop test · meet occupational requirements at 4–6 months

PRECAUTIONS

- ◆ **NO PARTICIPATION** in contact sports or physically demanding military schools until cleared by orthopaedics

BRACE

- ◆ None

REHABILITATION

- ◆ Continue Phase 2 exercises as needed
- ◆ Progress to the following exercises and increase intensity gradually when the patient is ready (no increase in knee pain or effusion since the previous session)

WEEKS 13–16

STRENGTH & AGILITY

- ◆ Non-impact aerobic conditioning
- ◆ General LE stretching
- ◆ Progressive strengthening: lunges, leg press, calf press, squats <90°, HS curls, hip extension / abduction / adduction
- ◆ Isokinetic training if available
- ◆ Progressive balance training as needed
- ◆ Progressive agility and plyometric training

WEEKS 17–26

RETURN TO RUN

- ◆ Progressive jogging program beginning **no earlier than 16 weeks**
 - Increase time and/or distance no more than 10–20% per week

FOLLOW-UP

- ◆ Supervised rehab: 1–2× per week
- ◆ PT re-eval: monthly
- ◆ Ortho re-eval: ~6 months post-op

DISCHARGE GOALS

- ◆ Hop test and Y-balance limb symmetry >90%
- ◆ Isokinetic testing limb symmetry >85%
- ◆ Mitigate future injury risk

BEYOND 6 MONTHS

MISCELLANEOUS

- ◆ After 6 months post-op, Phase 3 exercises are continued and gradually increased in intensity and duration as tolerated
- ◆ Pass service fitness test at 6–8 months
- ◆ Progress activities for return to sport, collision sports or aggressive military training (e.g. airborne school) based on the patient's functional performance and endurance — directed by the orthopaedic surgeon and physical therapist; **may require 6–9 months before clearance without restrictions**

REFERENCES

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3. Logerstedt DS, et al. Knee pain and mobility impairments: meniscal and articular cartilage lesions. *J Orthop Sports Phys Ther.* 2010; 40(6): 1–35.

Adapted from the Meniscus Repair Rehabilitation guideline in the *Tri-Service Post-Operative Rehabilitation Guidelines*, Defense Health Agency, May 2020.

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